

BRANCHES, HOMES AND SCHOOLS OF THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE

Sunshine Homes for Blind Babies-

Sunshine House, Oxford Road, Birkdale, Southport, Lancs. Sunshine House, Warwick New Road, Learnington Spa, Warwickshire. Sunshine House, Dunnings Road, East Grinstead, Sussex.

"Pirate's Spring," School Journey Centre and Children's Holiday Home, New Romney, Kent.

Court Grange Special School for Blind Children, Abbotskerswell, South Devon.

Chorleywood College for Girls with Little or No Sight, Chorleywood, Herts.

Worcester College for the Blind, Worcester.

School of Massage and Electrical Clinic, 204-6 Great Portland Street, London, W.1.

The Alfred Eichholz Memorial Clinic and Institute of Massage and Physiotherapy by the Blind, 204-6 Great Portland Street, London, W.1.

Convalescent and Holiday Home, "Bannow," Quarry Hill, St. Leonards-on-Sea, Sussex.

Holiday Home, "The Haven," Holbeck Hill, Scarborough, Yorkshire.

Residential Home for the Deaf-Blind, "Westlands," Cold Bath Road, Harrogate, Yorkshire.

Guest House for Blind Women, "Bloomfield," Brandon Parade, Leamington Spa, Warwickshire.

Home for Blind Women, "Wavertree House," Furze Hill, Hove, Sussex.

Holiday Home for the Deaf-Blind, "Fellowship House," Hoylake, Cheshire.

(In association with the National Deaf-Blind Helpers' League)

The Moon Society (Works), 104 Queen's Road, Brighton, Sussex.

Home Industries Department, 31 Holmesdale Road, Reigate, Surrey.

BRANCH OFFICES

Office	Chairman of Local Committee	Secretary
Sutherland Memorial Hall, Jesmon- Road, Newcastle-on-Tyne, 2	d A. W. White	Walter Pease
51 North John Street, Liverpool, 2		J. C. Colligan
90 Deansgate, Manchester, 3	<u>—</u>	A. STONE
8 St. Ann Street, Leeds, 2		FRANK BRADLEY
22a Market Street, Cambridge	THE REV. CANON C. E. BOLAM, F.R.HIST.S.	M. FRANKLAND
43 Southernhay West, Exeter	A E. EASTWOOD	S. M. TAYLOR
104 Queen's Road, Brighton, 1		C. Cashman
5 Whiteladies Road, Bristol, 8	Major S. C. Welchman, O.B.E.	J. King Cummings

NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND

(Registered under the Blind Persons Act, 1920)

FOUNDED 1868

INCORPORATED 1902

Patrons

HIS MAJESTY THE KING

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN HER MAJESTY QUEEN MARY

President, Chorleywood College HER ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCESS ROYAL.

President, The Sunshine Homes HER ROYAL HIGHNESS PRINCESS BEATRICE.

Vice-Presidents

HIS GRACE THE DUKE OF SUTHERLAND, P.C., K.T. THE MOST HONOURABLE THE MARQUESS OF SALISBURY, K.G., G.C.V.O., C.B., M.A. THE MOST HONOURABLE THE MARQUESS OF CREWE, K.G., P.C., M.A., F.S.A., D.C.L., LL.D. THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE EARL FITZWILLIAM, K.C.V.O., C.B.E., D.S.O., D.L., J.P. THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE EARL OF LONSDALE, K.G., G.C.V.O., D.L. THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE EARL OF ANCASTER, G.C.V.O., M.A. THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE VISCOUNT ROTHERMERE, P.C. THE RIGHT HONOURABLE VISCOUNT NUFFIELD, O.B.E., M.A., D.C.L., LL.D., F.R.S. THE RIGHT HONOURABLE LORD SOUTHWOOD OF FERNHURST. THE RIGHT HONOURABLE C. A. McCurdy, p.c., K.C. LADY (ARTHUR) PEARSON, D.B.E. SIR I. MATHEWSON WATSON, J.P. MISS HELEN KELLER, LL.D. F. R. ARMITAGE. J. H. BATTY, F.R.G.S.

LIEUT.-COLONEL E. C. CLAY, C.B.E. WILLIAM EICHHOLZ. P. M. EVANS, C.B.E., M.A., LL.D., F.S.A., J.P. GODFREY F. MOWATT, J.P. CHRISTOPHER STONE, D.S.O., M.C.

Chairman of the Executive Council

CAPTAIN SIR BEACHCROFT TOWSE, V.C., K.C.V.O., C.B.E.

Vice-Chairman

R. B. HUGHES-BULLER, C.I.E., C.B.E.

Hon. Treasurers

J. H. BATTY, F.R.G.S. H. W. B. SCHRÖDER.

Hon, Chief Chaplain

THE REV. CANON C. E. BOLAM, F.R.HIST.S.

Hon. Adviser on Propaganda

THE RT. HON. C. A. McCURDY, P.C., K.C.

Hon, Estates Adviser R. B. HUGHES-BULLER, C.I.E., C.B.E.

Hon. Sub-Treasurer

A. J. W. KITCHIN, C.I.E.

Solicitors

BIRD & BIRD, 5 Gray's Inn Square, W.C.I.

Auditors

JACKSON, PIXLEY & Co., Chartered Accountants, Kent House, Telegraph Street, E.C.2.

Bankers

THE WESTMINSTER BANK LTD., Harley Street Branch, 154 Harley Street, W.I.

Secretary-General

W. McG. EAGAR.

Headquarters

224, 226 & 228 GREAT PORTLAND STREET, LONDON, W.1

Telephone Number: Euston 5251.

MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL (As on 25th July, 1910)

Blind Members are distinguished by an asterisk (*)

eventatives of the Regional Associations for the Blind

Group A. Repre	sentatives of the F	Regional Associ	ations for the E	Blind
Name	Representing	Name		Representing
Coun. Mrs. L. Alderson, J.P. Coun. Mrs. K. Chambers, J.P. Ald. D. P. Charlesworth Coun. J. W. Flanagan Ald. N. Garrow, J.P. W. Kershaw Ald. Hedley Mason, J.P. Coun. J. Patrick Dr. C. G. Kay Sharp W. Whitehead	Northern Counties Association for the Blind	*Coun. Capt. Barnett	E. Brittain,	Southern
ALD, MISS M. F. AWDRY ALD, A. LEAR MAJOR S. C. WELCHMAN, O.B.E. ALD, SIR HERBERT HILES, M.B.E., J.P. COUN, MRS. DORIS OATES COUN, HUGH PARRY BRINLEY WILLIAMS	Monmonthshire Regional Council for the Blind	C.I.E., J.P. MRS. A. E. HE ALD. W. H. H ALD. W. K ALD. CHARLES ALD. A. E. LO COUN, THE RE ALD. T. H. SA:	ATH DARE, J.P., M P.S. ELLAND, M.A. G. KEMPTON OKER, M.S.M. V. F. H. ROACH NDERS	Association for
Group B. Re	presentatives of Lo	ocal Governmen	nt Bodies	
	County Conneils Association	Coun. E. E. A. M. Burn, M.C., Coun. D. J. F. Ald. S. Hall E. H. Lee, J.P. Ald. C. Lucas Coun. A. Moss Coun. W. E. Y.	M.M., F.R.C.P., D.P ISHER	Association of Municipal Corporations
Group CReprese	entatives of Agenci	es for the Bline	and National	Bodies
*Capt. Sir Ian Fraser, c.b.e., m.i *Edmund Toft	St. Dunstan's	H. S. EDKINS S. W. STARLIN	G	Managers of Workshops for the Blind Gardner's
Miss Hilda Bradfield R. C. Phillips	Teachers of the Blind	Major N. C. M	. MacMahon, o.e	Blind
Group D.—R	epresentatives of (Organisations o	f Blind Person	s
*R. Tatlow Blind V	Association of Vorkers League of the	*R. T. STEPHE LR.A.M., A M.R.S.T.	Royar	Normal College Old lents' Guild
	on of Certificated lasseurs	*Miss E. Parry		nal Deaf-Blind pers' League
*E & Wood E P Worceste	r College Old Association	*Miss M. Elain Hett, a.r.c.		ywood College Old s' Association
	Group E. Nat	ional Members		
J H. BATTY, F.R.G.S. *THE REV. CANON C. E. BOLAM, F.R.HIST.S. LTCOL. E. C. CLAY, C.B.E. E. CLEMENT DAVIES, K.C., M.P. *CAPT. V. M. DEANE *DR. E. G. DOWDELL, M.A. *GERARD E. FOX	*MISS M. HAMAR C GODFREY H. HAM R. B. HUGHES-BU C.B.E. A. J. W. KITCHIN, MRS. JOHN M. KN *C. M. MACINNES, *W. PERCY MERRI	GREENWOOD ILTON ILER, C.I.E., C.I.E., I.C.S. APP, J.P. M.A.	v.c., k.c.v.o., *T. H. Tylor, H. J. Wagg, o.	ÖDER B.E., J.P. ACHCROFT TOWSE, C.B.E. B.C.L., M.A.
	Life M	ember		

Report of the Executive Council of the

National Institute for the Blind

for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 1940

THE period covered by this Report comprises I five months of peace and seven months of war. Those first five months seem far away now, but it is in their light that our Report is made because our work for the blind, we are thankful to say, has gone on unchanged. The much abbreviated form of this Report is a sign of the changed conditions which have confronted all engaged in social service with unprecedented difficulties, but its contents will, we hope, satisfy our supporters that the Institute's work has neither diminished nor slackened. This is as it should be, because the war multiplies the demand on our services. War conditions intensify the handicap of blindness and the task of relieving it, and it is unfortunately certain that during the war the number of blind persons will be increased.

Many blind people are to-day playing their part ungrudgingly in the national effort, as masseurs, craftsmen, typists, telephonists, teachers, etc., and new fields of employment for the blind are bound to open as the call for man-power grows. The nation simply cannot afford to waste a single pair of skilled hands. All the employable blind will therefore need the appliances, the training and the personal service

which the Institute can give. At a time when war can strike instantaneously at the big cities and when the production of dangerous explosives has grown to vast proportions, the risks of incurring injury to sight have enormously increased. We have made a careful study of the possible problems of the war-blinded and, in conjunction with the Joint Blind Welfare Committee of the County Councils Association and the Association of Municipal Corporations, we have secured the approval of the Minister of Health to a national scheme for extending existing facilities for blind welfare to men, women and children who may be blinded as a result of air raids or hostile operations in this country. The Minister has already arranged to meet the whole cost of the Hospital treatment to such cases. Any civilians who go to the St. Dunstan's Hospital, Brighton, to be treated with military cases, will receive some preliminary rehabilitation while under medical treatment there, but the task of reeducating them in their blindness, and of helping them adapt themselves without sight to lives of full usefulness, will be undertaken by the Institute in conjunction with all Local Societies and Regional Bodies and with the responsible Local Authorities.

This scheme will necessitate the establishment throughout the country of Residential Training Centres, and in order that they may, when needed, be suitably staffed, the question of personnel has received our immediate attention. We have opened a Register of War Workers for the Blind from which paid or voluntary workers may be drawn as required, either for service in the Centres or as helpers to the warblinded when they return to their own homes. Hundreds have enrolled and we hope that the Register will provide not only adequate assistance for the war-blinded but a permanent addition to voluntary blind welfare service. We shall be happy to supply copies of the Enrolment Form on request.

This very brief survey of how the war has affected our work will, we believe, convince friends how urgently we need their help. To each of them we should like to say personally: "We thank you deeply for the support which you have given in the past; we trust to you implicitly for the support which we know that you will try to give now and in the future."

Three of the enclosed forms enable immediate help to be given, and we draw the particular attention of our readers to the benefits of the Covenanted Subscription Form. The fourth and fifth forms, Forms of Bequest, ensure help to the blind in the future. The value of legacies is inestimable, and we beg all our friends in these days of uncertainty to make certain by will or codicil of the continuance of their help to the work which we know they have so much at heart

We now proceed to give concise details of the main divisions of our work and of the progress made during the year under review.

SUNSHINE HOMES FOR BLIND BABIES

THE Sunshine Homes are residential nursery schools for blind infants. The Homes at East Grinstead and Southport are for blind babies, otherwise normal, from birth to seven years of age; the Home at Leamington is for backward blind babies, who may be retained until the age of nine. There are usually about 30 babies at each Home, but since September, 1939, the East Grinstead Home has, in addition, taken in 12 blind babies evacuated from London.

At these Homes blind babies are brought up in an environment of affection and activity. It is essential that all members of both domestic and teaching staffs must love their little charges and be keenly interested in them. The secret of training blind babies lies in three_words—sympathy, interest, patience. When the minds behind the unseeing eyes are also clouded, then the sympathy must be more intense, the interest more demonstrative, the patience more unwearying.

Normal blind babies are just as interested

in their surroundings as other children, but whereas the seeing child picks up hundreds of impressions in a day simply by watching, the blind child must seek for the meaning of sounds heard and things touched. Those around them must be constantly and carefully explaining, for the casual gestures and clipped phrases of the seeing world are of no use to the blind.

The experience of the babies at the Sunshine Homes is not confined by nursery, schoolroom or garden walls. The whole house, with its wealth of fascinating business—washing, cooking, cleaning, moving is open to them, and far beyond—in the streets, buses, railway stations, shops, theatres—lie the objects of adventurous exploration. Lessons, too, are mostly exciting and dramatic games. Add to these exceptional features the benefits of good food, fresh air and fond care, and it can well be seen that Sunshine babies are well equipped when they enter the more competitive life of the elementary schools.

COURT GRANGE SPECIAL SCHOOL FOR BLIND CHILDREN

THIS school for the education of the less-gifted of our blind children has fortunately been unaffected by the war. Decided progress has been made in adapting the school to its special function of building up character, initiative and self-confidence. New pupils are generally found to be nervous and discouraged in their unequal battle with life, and the principal aim of the school is to restore to them their self-respect and happiness.

A new feature which has contributed much towards this object is the Pets' House where the children can be taught that lovable little creatures—guinea-pigs, rabbits, tame rats and white mice—are dependent on them for their

daily food and drink. This awakens their sense of responsibility, a most important step forward.

Physical training has been expanded, and it says much for the bodily condition of the children that not one was inconvenienced by the severe weather of last winter. Their good physique is largely due to the strict attention paid to diet and remedial work, and to the pure air of the lovely countryside. But the children are not "buried in the country"; apart from joining in the active life of the village they make frequent contact with town life.

Every Sunday all the children go to Morning Service and during the year nine of them have

been confirmed.

SCHOOL JOURNEY CENTRE AND HOLIDAY HOME

BLIND children took full advantage last summer of "Pirates Spring," the model, sun-bathed structure erected by the Institute near the sea wall between Dymchurch and New Romney and overlooking extensive sands. The visitors between May and August were eight School Journey parties, consisting of 204 children in all; the babies and staff of Sunshine House, East Grinstead, for a fortnight

in May; 13 children for the Easter holidays, and 57 children for the summer holidays.

At the outbreak of war, the Home was placed at the disposal of the London County Council for evacuation purposes; and from September, 1939, until the end of the period under review, it has been occupied by the boys and staff of the Linden Lodge School for Blind Boys, South London.



THE SEVEN AGES OF BLINDNESS: I.

At her desk in the garden at one of the Sunshine Homes a little girl begins to learn how to see by means of the delicate touch of her fingers.

CHORLEYWOOD COLLEGE FOR GIRLS WITH LITTLE OR NO SIGHT

In the earlier months of 1939 the spirit of international amity was strongly evident at the College. It welcomed an unusual number of visitors from abroad, including two who stayed awhile, one from Norway and one from Germany. Old Girls, too, seemed to be travelling more than usual, and letters from them came from Cyprus, Jamaica, Germany and British Columbia. But then the war came.

In August the College was opened to receive pupils before evacuation became general, and the first weeks of September before term started were a strange compound of holiday-making, blacking-out, and practice retirements to the air raid shelter. But once term started school life surprisingly soon became normal.

During the year pupils' successes included a Higher Certificate and entrance to Westfield College, two School Certificates leading on to the Institute's Massage School, Advanced Typewriting and Shorthand Certificates of the Royal Society of Arts, Certificates of the Royal Life Saving Society, and various successes in the examinations of the Royal Schools of Music.

Old Girls have started in teaching posts, parochial and secretarial work, and massage practice. A Reunion of the Old Girls Association at the end of July brought the majority together for some very happy days.

WORCESTER COLLEGE FOR THE BLIND

T was fortunate that at the outbreak of war the new wing to the College was completed, as it enabled the College to give hospitality to 45 boys who were evacuated from the Birmingham School for the Blind. The two schools have maintained their separate identities and programmes of work, and for many reasons the College and the Institute will regret the departure of the Birmingham boys which is necessitated by an exceptionally large entry of new boys to the College next autumn.

Eight candidates out of 11 gained the School Certificate last summer. Some of these are now reading for the Higher Certificate, others are concentrating on shorthand-typing for the Royal Society of Arts examinations. On the games side, the holding of two swimming matches with neighbouring schools was a new development. In rowing, the College crews for the first time for many years were beaten by the Old Boys' crews during the Speech Day celebrations. A record gathering of Old Boys attended during the week, and on Speech Day the guest of honour was Dr. A. D. Lindsay, Master of Balliol College, of which one of the Old Boys is a Fellow.

Of pupils who have left during the year, one has gone to Oxford as the holder of the Barker Scholarship at Queen's College and one to the Knutsford Ordination Test School prior to going to Lichfield Theological College; two have gone to the Institute's School of Massage.

STUDENTS' LIBRARY AND BRAILLE MANUSCRIPT DEPARTMENT

LIBRARY of 15,000 Braille volumes, constituting transcriptions of works, however complex and abstruse, needed by blind students for the professions, has been built up by 150 voluntary Braille writers. These devoted workers have, during the year, added 700 volumes to the Library, including Fowler's Dictionary of Modern English Usage, Kant's Critique of Pure Reason, The Oxford Book of Latin Verse, St. Augustine's City of God, and Jones's Solicitor's Clerk. One volunteer alone, Mr. W. Knight, has transcribed 59 volumes, a wonderful achievement. The unique feature of the Library is that it is of equal value to every student, because if a book required is not in the Library, it is added to it immediately to meet that individual need. During the year, 3,245 volumes have been circulated.

The Department responsible for the Library helps blind students and the blind generally in several other ways. More than 1,000 sheets of examination papers of various examining bodies and schools were transcribed for blind candidates during the year. Extracts from reviews and learned journals have been transcribed for members of the Braille Reading Club as far away as Western Canada. When war broke out, the Department took over for the Government the censoring of all letters, periodicals and books in Braille sent to foreign countries, those examined including scripts in French, Italian, Spanish, German and Esperanto; and it has undertaken Braille instruction classes for volunteers who have enrolled themselves on the Register of War Workers for the Blind.



THE SEVEN AGES OF BLINDNESS: 11.

Boys at Worcester College voyage round the world as the master steers their hands over ridged continents and smooth seas.

MASSAGE SERVICES-SCHOOL, SETTLEMENT AND CLINICS

QUALIFIED blind masseurs and masseuses were amongst the first who volunteered for national service on the outbreak of war. The large majority enlisted in the Chartered Society's Massage Corps for either mobile or immobile service and are ready at any moment to take up war work. At the same time, every student at the Institute's Massage School expressed a wish to continue intensive training in London; arrangements were accordingly made, with the help of voluntary drivers, to take the students to and from the School by car, and all A.R.P. and first-aid requirements were completed. The spirit of masseurs and students alike has been beyond praise.

There have been 32 students in training during the year; 7 have qualified in Massage, 7 in Remedial Exercises, and 4 in Electrotherapy. In spite of war conditions, the Massage Settlement Service has enabled 16 post-graduates to secure hospital and clinic

appointments and 5 to start in private practice.

The Evening Massage and Electrical Clinic, which provides senior blind students with the necessary clinical experience, has functioned throughout the year. Owing to the difficulty of patients attending in the evenings during the "black-out" months, it was decided to put forward the hour and open the Clinic from 2 to 7 p.m. This arrangement was satisfactory and additional hospitals have sent patients to the Clinic. The attendances during the year were 5,492; treatments, 9,905; medical examinations, 334.

The Eichholz Clinic was severely affected at the beginning of the war because many doctors were called up for military duty and many people left town. But the authorities of the Clinic refused to be daunted; it has continued to receive patients and has enhanced its reputation. The number of treatments administered during the year was 4,128.

BRAILLE BOOKS AND PERIODICALS

THE year's outstanding event in Braille publications has been the success of Braille "Pandas," a series of cheap, concise books on topical subjects and light liction, which can be regarded as the Braille equivalent of the famous "Penguins." Two "Pandas" have been issued each month, and upwards of 2,500 copies of the first 15 books in the series have been supplied at the very low charge of 6d. net a volume. The following titles issued since the war began show how up-to-date is the series: Blue Book of German-Polish Relations, etc., Nicolson's H'hy Britain is at War, Micklem's May God Defend the Right, Curry's Case for Federal Union, and Keynes' How to Pay for the War. The value of the series to the blind as a means of contact with current events and ideas has been enhanced by the inclusion in it of Sir John Hammerton's World Digest. It is issued each month in "Panda" format, and its circulation would probably leap at once into the thousands were it not strictly limited by the rationing of paper.

The shortage of paper as a result of the stoppage of sea-borne traffic from Scandinavia was foreseen and, to some extent, forestalled. Economies in production have been made, but the business of producing books and periodicals for the blind will be gravely hampered if special consideration is not given to the need for Braille.

The Institute has every confidence that if a special plea has to be made for the paper which enables the blind to read and write, the kindest view will be taken by those in authority.

The year's Braille production was as follows:—Books: 31,658 bound volumes, 16,319 pamphlets; Periodicals: 518,611 newspapers (and supplements), 193,197 magazines (and supplements). The number of metal plates embossed (books and periodicals) was 23,626.

The new titles issued apart from "Pandas" amounted to about 120. These included A Book of Limericks, Selected Farces, Cronin's Citadel, Mascheld's Dead Ned, Step's British Insect Life, Outline of Church History, Byrd's Alone, a Greek Grammar, books on Chess and Bridge, a Cookery Book, a Gazetteer, a book of patterns, War Woollies, and War Maps of the Western Front and Scandinavia.

Rationing of paper has led to rationalisation of periodicals. The twenty separate Braille newspapers and magazines published before the war have, by a process of amalgamation, become sixteen, and in the first week of September an emergency Printing Works was established at Brighton. From here *The National Braille Times* was issued, giving to blind readers the news of the week and the wireless programmes in a single publication. All things considered, the reduction made in the reading



THE SEVEN AGES OF BLINDNESS: III.

In the lovely gardens of Chorleywood College the girls find relaxation from study in the acquisition of grace in movement.

matter of the blind has been intrinsically small. The Institute's periodicals have kept up a high standard of informative and recreational reading and enabled the blind to keep in touch with each other and with activities affecting their welfare.

A valuable technical development of Braille production is the adoption for Braille "Pandas," including ll'orld Digest, of the Spirax wire coil binding, which enables a volume to be opened flat and turned back if desired, a great boon to the blind reader. It also allows more Braille characters to the page, as it narrows the binding margin. The same principle is being applied to loose-leaf note-books and catalogues.

MOON BOOKS AND PERIODICALS

THE publications produced during the year in Moon type, the embossed type which can be easily learnt by those who lose their sight in later life, consisted of 6,479 volumes, 9,003 pamphlets and cards, 49,625 newspapers and 10,289 magazines. Moon is printed from movable type, and 11,590 pages of type were set.

Moon reading is mainly recreational. Recent fiction includes Sense and Sensibility, Goodbye Mr. Chips, Jalna, and The Adventures of Tom Sawyer: non-fiction, Fisher's Napoleon and Von Rintelen's Dark Invader. The Moon periodicals include a weekly newspaper—probably the most concise tabloid of news in the world—two general magazines and two religious papers. One of these, The Moon Messenger, is particularly interesting because its Editor, the Rev. Wellesley Orr, Vicar of St. Paul's, Kingston

Hill, has made his readers members of his own church by bringing them in spirit to certain specified services.

Moon throws a kindly light over the later years. Consider such messages as these:— "Mrs. Allen is now over 80 and finds the Moon books a great comfort in her lonely hours." "My brother, poor fellow, is stone deaf as well as blind, and reading Moon is the only link he now has with the outside world." "Mrs. Wiggins learnt to read Moon type at 77 years of age and now at 80 enjoys reading Moon publications."

Moon production is faced with heavy expenditure in the coming year. One of the presses must be replaced; the plates of many portions of the Moon Bible are worn out and must be reset; a new catalogue of Moon books must be issued.

BRAILLE MUSIC AND BLIND MUSICIANS

BRAILLE Music Notation differs from Staff Notation in being written horizontally, not perpendicularly. It is written bar by bar, the music for the left hand being divided from the music of the right hand by a space, and the bars separated by a short upright line of 3 dots. Chords are shown by figuring the lowest note; marks of expression precede or follow the music characters.

Braille music is issued in volume and pamphlet form, the latter being the equivalent of sheet music. During the year, 1,353 volumes and 8,079 pamphlets have been published, comprising 253 musical works; the number of music plates embossed was 1,914. The new catalogue shows that the needs of blind musicians for all types of music, from classics to the latest

songs and dances, are met, and eminent musicians have admired the variety and high standard of the music available in Braille.

Students are catered for by the publication of music in the syllabuses of the principal examination bodies and music competition festivals, and by a Manuscript Music Library of works mainly required for study. Thirty-two new works have been added to the Library this year.

As much help as possible is given to blind musicians, music teachers and students. They can practice on the Institute's organ; examination papers are transcribed in Braille; training scholarships are available for organists and vocalists; and general assistance is given by an Employment Bureau.

TALKING BOOKS

"THE Talking Book is, with the exception of my husband, the greatest joy of my life." These words of a blind woman, very happily married, charmingly disclose the nature of the relationship between the blind and the Talking Book—that most ingenious device by which literature is recorded on large gramophone discs and "played" on special machines. To those who lose their sight in adult life the voice of the Talking Book is like the voice of a friend calling them from the sudden darkness to a renewal of their former interests. In the Talking



THE SEVEN AGES OF BLINDNESS: IV.

Young blind men and women who wish to enter the Massage profession study at the Massage School. The Principal, who is himself blind, gives instruction to the examination candidates.

Book Library, over 300 separate works—the cream of fiction, travel, politics, biography, plays, etc.—promise to the possessor of a Talking Book machine about 2½ years' reading matter at 4 hours a day, and yearly the Library grows by at least 50 or 60 new titles recorded here or in America.

The members of the Talking Book Library now number over 1,300, and the circulation of the 3,584 sets of records in the Library amounted last year to 22,365. There are 300 new machines on order. Typical books recorded during the year were David Copperfield, by Dickens, Britain and the Dictators, by Seton-Watson, The King's Service, by Ian Hay, Insanity Fair,

by Douglas Reed, and *The Constant Nymph*, by Margaret Kennedy.

The war has created difficulties in the production and circulation of Talking Books but has much increased the need for them. They are the ideal consolation for blind evacuees and refugees and other blind people isolated from social recreations. Two books at a time are now sent to all borrowers, so that they can always have a book in hand.

The latest technical development is a device to enable the blind user to place the needle on the first groove of a record and to stop it at any desired point without danger of scratching.

APPLIANCES AND APPARATUS

MERELY to name the appliances, supplied by the Institute, which climinate or reduce the handicap of blindness would fill several pages. They range from means enabling the blind to read, write and calculate, to means enabling them to do manual work and to join in games. The provision of such appliances is very costly, involving a loss of about \$4,000 a year, but so important is this service that further substantial reductions in the prices of appliances to blind individuals were made before the war. Since the war began, the cost of manufacture has much increased, and in some cases it has been impossible to obtain supplies. But prices have still been kept lower than costs, and in spite of great difficulties new appliances have been made available. These include additional jig-saw puzzles and games; a style for writing Braille fitted with a nondetachable sheath to cover the point, so that it can be carried in pocket or hand-bag; a large new embossed map of England and Wales for schools; a device to enable blind students to make geometrical and other designs, invented by a blind French ex-Service man, M. Leveau; a knitting clock for recording the number of rows and stitches, and a cheap alarm clock with an embossed dial.

Technical research has continued in several directions, and two interesting developments are a machine for making embossed maps and illustrations, designed by Major M. Du-Plat-Taylor, a member of the Institute's Technical Research Committee, and an appliance for writing Moon embossed characters which, by next year it is hoped, will solve a problem which has been the object of experiment for many years.

PERSONAL SERVICES TO THE BLIND

SPECIAL Department, administered by a A SPECIAL Department, administered by a blind man of wide experience, is concerned with a group of services which are best described as personal. As they are rendered to blind individuals they are as various as individual needs, and therefore difficult to classify. But broadly speaking, all aim to give that extra help or relief which is often urgently needed but which is not or cannot be rendered by the local agencies. This extra help is, however, always given with the consent, and if possible, the co-operation of the local agencies, and the main features of personal services are altering in proportion to the efficiency and comprehensiveness with which local agencies are now discharging their obligations.

Much of the assistance given is constructive; for example, establishing blind persons in business or arranging for the entry of qualified blind persons to the professions. Nearly all who have been helped in this way have become entirely self-supporting. During the year £2,986 was expended in helping blind students to enter the Universities or to take up other forms of higher education, and in addition to money provided for equipment, £367 was expended in allowances for blind persons entering the Massage profession.

Other help is in the form of relief. Maintenance grants to former blind employees of the Institute amounted to £1.116, and £2.819 was expended on various forms of personal assist-



THE SEVEN AGES OF BLINDNESS: V.

Shorthand-typing is a remunerative occupation for a capable blind woman. She takes down dictation at the usual speeds on her Braille "tape" machine and transcribes from the paper ribbon on an ordinary typewriter with perfect precision. ance. There have been gifts of apparatus, books, games, and clothing, grants for holidays, and payments towards the cost of operations, removals, the services of a reader, wireless installations, evacuation expenses, and so on.

The issue of vouchers which enable blind travellers to take advantage of the special facilities afforded by railway, coach and steamer companies is another service; during the year over 2,500 travelling vouchers were issued.

EMPLOYMENT OF THE BLIND

THE Institute employs about 100 blind persons as regular members of the staff at its Headquarters, Branches, Homes, Schools, and Kiosks, in addition to those who are occasionally employed as home workers, Braille copyists, contributors to periodicals, etc. The work carried on by the blind employees includes administration, lecturing, teaching, money-raising, Braille transcription by hand and by machine, Braille proof-reading, collating, shorthand-typing and telephony, and kiosk management.

Despite difficulties caused by the war, all the Institute's "Blintraders" Kiosks have kept going and have given a livelihood to the blind salesmen in charge. Two Kiosks in the neighbourhood of Government offices have in fact increased their business. Kiosk management offers good employment to blind men or women of the right type, but an extension of the scheme depends entirely on the acquisition of suitable sites. The goodwill of the owners of such sites is therefore earnestly requested.

BLIND HOME WORKERS

WHAT most blind people desire more than anything is to carn a living. The blind craftsman can do so, but he must have some help. He can make a first-rate basket, but how can he sell it? He can tune a piano perfectly, but how can he build up a connection? He can repair boots, but how can he secure customers?

Blind home workers are helped through a Scheme which covers the whole country. The National Institute administers the Scheme operating in the South-Eastern Counties and South London. In this area there are at present 303 home workers, the majority being piano-

tuners, machine-knitters and basket-makers. The services rendered to them are training—there are at present 47 trainees—provision of equipment, supply of raw materials at lowest cost, supervision of manufacture and marketing of goods. The extent of this help and the intrinsic value of the products can be measured by the actual earnings of the home workers which amounted during the year to £10,847. The standard of work is high, and there is no better way of supplying household goods, and also of helping the blind, than buying blindmade baskets, brushes, mats, hosicry and other knitted goods.

HOLIDAY AND RESIDENTIAL HOMES

DURING the year all the Institute's Homes were maintained and two new Homes were opened—a Holiday Home at Scarborough and a Residential Home for the Deaf-Blind at Harrogate.

"The Haven" at Scarborough is aptly named. Opened at the end of May, 1939, it proved immediately most popular and in its first season provided holidays for some 200 visitors. It is hoped to increase the capacity to 36 beds. "I will sleep in the greenhouse if need be," said one cheerful visitor, "but I must come back next

summer!"

"Westlands," at Harrogate, was opened early in July, 1939, to accommodate 12 men and 12 women residents. "Our days are full of happiness," writes one of the 19 deaf-blind people at present living in the Home. "We

lead as normal a life as anyone else. We knit for the troops, read or write Braille, chat on our fingers, romp with the staff." A successful hearing-aid device, which enables some of the deaf-blind to converse normally and to enjoy the wireless, has been installed in this Home, thanks to the kindness of Dr. Phyllis Kerridge, who raised the necessary funds privately.

The Institute continues to take an interest in the Holiday Home for the Deaf Blind at Hoylake, which is managed by Mr. G. Holme and a Local Committee on behalf of the Deaf-Blind Helpers' League. To ensure the expansion of its work the Institute acquired a larger and more suitable house, but, unfortunately, the outbreak of war made it impossible to proceed with the plans.



THE SEVEN AGES OF BLINDNESS: VI.

Years of careful and exacting labour enable the blind machinetranscriber to transliterate into Braille characters letterpress books in all languages and on all subjects, for the benefit of her blind fellows. "Banuow," the Convalescent and Holiday Home at St. Leonards, has lived up to its reputation as one of the brightest and happiest homes in England, and during the year has accommodated 625 holiday guests, 20 permanent residents and 39 evacuees.

"Wavertree House" at Hove and the Guest House at Leamington have continued as peaceful and happy homes for blind women, and local friends in both districts have been unwearied in kindness.

GENERAL NATIONAL SERVICES

In addition to the specific services which have been detailed, the Institute renders certain general services to which only the briefest reference is possible.

The Deaf-Blind.—Continuous attention is given to this problem by a Consultative Committee of experts on the blind and on the deaf. A valuable survey of the problem in the Northern Counties area has been made, but a similar survey in the Southern Regional area has had to be discontinued during the war. The newly established Home for the Deaf-Blind has already been mentioned.

Epileptic Blind Children.—The Institute has for some years been at pains to make an arrangement for the education of blind children rejected from schools for the blind because of epilepsy. The National Society of Epileptics has been most co-operative in this matter, and an agreement has been made by which the Institute helps to meet the cost of special provision for blind epileptic children at the Society's Chalfont St. Giles Colony.

Blindness in India.—The Institute's India Sub-Committee has issued a booklet setting out the problems of blindness in this vast country and making certain suggestions for their solution. In preparing it, the greatest reliance was placed on the late Sir Michael O'Dwyer, who contributed a foreword. Over 1,000 copies have been distributed in India. Co-operation with the India Red Cross continues to be close, and grants have been made towards the production of a prevention film, and towards further propaganda in the villages.

Prevention of Blindness.—The work of the Sub-Committee which is concerned with research

into the causes of blindness and its prevention, has been interrupted by the war, but a continuous watch has been kept on the problem.

Information.—The Information Bureau has answered enquiries on all branches of blind welfare, many of them coming from foreign countries, and valuable additions have been made to the Reference Library. Several N.I.B. Bulletins and Information Leaflets have been issued. The Institute's letterpress journal *The New Beacon* has continued its useful function as the organ of blind welfare in this country.

Propaganda. — Intensive propaganda to further the cause of the blind has been carried on in the Press and by means of films and exhibitions of articles made for the blind and articles made by the blind.

Unification of Collections.—The voluntary Agencies for the Blind in agreement with the Institute for the unification of collections now number 98, covering the greater part of the country. In some areas the Institute collects, in others, the local Agency, but in all cases the needs of local and national agencies are met by joint collections for a common fund (see p. 28).

Grants.—Financial grants, irrespective of allocations, have been made when possible to help societies or objects needing funds (see p. 27).

Affiliated Bodies.—Two Funds initiated by the Institute are now affiliated to it. The British Wireless for the Blind Fund supplied 8,625 wireless sets during the year, making a total of 54,535 sets supplied. The Sir Beachcroft Towse Ex-Service Fund for the Blind has expended £2,512 in assisting 575 cases during the year.

I^N concluding this Report, we wish again to express our sincere appreciation of the good work and untiring efforts of the Secretary-General, Mr. W. McG. Eagar, and of the Staff of the Institute and all its branches, in the cause of the blind.

May the Blessing of Almighty God rest on our work, in the future as in the past years.



By courtesy of "The Yorkshire Evening News"

THE SEVEN AGES OF BLINDNESS: VII.

In the tranquillity and comfort of one of the Institute's Homes, this old lady, aged 93, although deaf as well as blind, is able to listen to the wireless as she knits, by means of an aural aid.

Statement of Accounts NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND

BALANCE SHEET, 31st MARCH, 1940

Liabilities	,				Assets	£	s.	d,	£	s. d.
	€ s.	d. £	s. d. £ s 422,280 7	d.	FREEHOLD PROPERTY-					
CAPITAL ACCOUNT			422,280 7	8	At cost or at valuation when given to the Institute, less amounts written off	53 399	3	1		
General Account 5	1 895 16	3			LEASEHOLD PROPERTY—	0.7, .7.7	.,	1		
Add Legacies 2					At cost, less amounts written off	62,162	7	7		
_					At cost, or as valued independently in					
Deduct Balance from General	5,723 48	2			1935, less Depreciation	21,653	ß	9		
Charity Fund Account 1	5,688 14	0						— 137.	,511	17 5
till Communic Even con		60,035	1 2		Investments at cost, or as valued at date of receipt—					
Add Sunshing Fund for Bland Barnes and Child-					General Purposes	183,178	13	7		
REN-					Specifically Appropriated (including					
General Account					£2,440 14 8—subject to charges) Endowments	25,100	.)	()		
.1dd Legacies	1,100 11	•)			Endowments Specifically					
	3,663 - 3	8			Appropriated 10,491 17 3					
Deduct Balance from General Charity Fund Account	2 110 1	0				76,186		281.	705	10 3
	0,332 4		18 11		(*including Investments of the Sunshine			204	-	
0			60,586 3	1	Fund for Blind Babies and Children			122	.280	7 8
SUNDRY CREDITORS AND CREDIT BALANCES			17,016 8	5	totalling £50,116 1 11.)					
Carlotte 17 that the same of t			24,000	.,	STOCK AS VALUED BY OFFICIALS OF THE					
					INSTITUTE—	20.504	0	4.		
					Publications Account					
					General Stores, etc.	-4.880	11	3		
					Kiosk Supplies					
					Home Industries	6,040	.)		273	2 1
					SUNDRY DEBTORS (less Reserve for Doubtful					
					Deferred Charges and Prepaid			31.	.175	13 9
					Expenses			2	.047	16 10
					CASH AT BANK AND IN HAND					18 10
			£499,912-19	1 2				£199,	912	19 ?

J. H. BATTY, Member of Council.

A. J. W. KITCHIN, Honorary Sub-Treasurer.

We report that we have obtained all the information and explanations we have required and, in our opinion, the Balance Sheet at the 31st March, 1940, is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Institute's affairs, according to the best of our information and the explanations given to us, and as shown by the books of the Institute.

KENT HOUSE, TELEGRAPH STREET, E.C.2. 16th July, 1910.

of the Institute.

JACKSON, PIXLEY & CO.,

Chartered Accountants,

Auditors.

GENERAL CHARITY FUND

Income and Expenditure Account for the Year ended 31st March, 1940

Lxpenditure		Income
BRAILLE AND OTHER PUBLICATIONS DEFICIT APPARATUS ACCOUNT DEFICIT	s. d. £ s. d. 7.148 18 10 3,308 5 3	Subscriptions, Donations and Collections— f. s. d. f. s. d. TIONS—
Home Industries Account Deficit Eighholz Clinic Deficit Expenditure on Homes and Schools—	2,377 6 8 752 13 7	Subscriptions, Donations and Appeals 29,399 3 7 Collections, including Flag Days 65,125 1 10 Receipts on behalf of other Societies—
Massage School	3 8 + 12 10 + 15 -4	Contra
Other Homes and Hostels	19 5	Collecting Agreements 6,013 10 0
Worcester College Deficit (see page 24) Worcester College—Grant for Capital Purposes		Massage School 4.693 11 9
PAYMENTS TO THE BLIND— Wages, etc., of Blind engaged in Management and Rais-		Blind Babies Homes 7 323 14 3 Chorleywood College 6,077 18 10 Other Homes and Hostels. 7,950 8 4 Court Grange Special School 2,672 6 11
Augmentation of Wages paid to Blind (including Wages and expenses of	<i>J</i> 1	General Legacies (see pages 26 and 27)
their sighted guides) 4,872 9 8 Higher Education and Training Fees 3,353 9 8 Assistance and other expenses on behalf of Blind		BALANCE CARRIED TO BALANCE SHEET— Dencit, General Account
Persons	0 19 6	.1.dd — Allocation, Chorley- wood College and Wor- cester College 1,796 6 9
Unification Agreements— Amounts distributed under Agreement (see page 28)— To National Library for the Blind 4,946 14 10 To Other Participating Societies	25,469 19 0	
Amounts returned to Societies conducting collections	9 10	
Cost of Raising Revenue— Salaries and Wages, etc., Sighted 18,018 Blind Canvassers' Wages and Allowances (see Wages, etc., under "Payments to the Blind" above).	32,353 14 4	
Printing, Stationery, Advertising, Postage and Telephone 4,311 Rent Rates, Insurance, Fuel, Light, Cleaning and Repairs 1,821 Collecting Boxes, Bazaars, Lectures, etc. 4,895 Flag Days 1,533 Proportion of Head Office Expenses charged to Raising Revenue 3,141	0 13 7 5 7 10 6 9 7	
Carried forward	33,733 19 7	Curried formula - 5101 000 to 1
Carried for wal (i.	2100,070 14 10	Carried forward £191,936 13 3

GENERAL CHARITY FUND—continued

£ s. d. £ s. d. Brought forward 155,970 11 10	Brought forward	£ s. d. 191,936 13 3
Cost of Management— Salaries and Wages including Insurance, Sighted		
Rent, Rates, Insurance, Telephone, Fucl. Light and Cleaning 801–11 0 Travelling and other Expenses . 1,031–13 5		
Other Expenses— Benevolent Allowances		
LEGACIES TRANSFERRED TO BALANCE SHEET— General Account		
Depreciation and Americation 21,936 13 2		
£191,936 13 3		£191,936 13 3

ARMITAGE MEMORIAL FUND

ARN	ITTAGE ME	MORIAL FUND			
EXPENDITURE To National Institute for the Blind General Charity Fund Account (included in Dividends, Interest and Rents)	£ s. d. 122 0 0 £122 0 0	By Cash received from the Worshipful Company of Clothworkers	122	s. d	1)
ARMITAGE FUND FO	R THE EMP	LOYMENT OF BLIND WRITERS			
ENPENDITURE To Amounts paid to and Services on behalf of Blind Writers Surplus taken to National Institute for the Blind— General Charity Fund Account		By Cash received from the Worshipful Company of Clothworkers	111	5 (1 5 (6
	BAILEY B	EQUEST			
EXPENDITURE To General Charity Fund for General Purposes General Charity Fund for Assistance to Necessitous Blind (The above items are included in General Charity Fund National Institute for the Blind, under Dividends, Interest and Rents) Loudon Association for the Blind Barclay Workshops for Blind Women	£ s. d. 254 4 10 254 4 10 254 4 10 25 8 4 25 8 4	Income By Dividends on Investment		s. d 6	
S Expenditure To National Institute for the Blind—General Charity Fund Account (included in Dividends, Interest and Rents)	£559 6 4 EALOMON'S £ s. d. 497 0 0 £497 0 0	BEQUEST Income By Dividends on Investment	£	s. d. 0 11 0 0	
LEEDS	EMBOSSEI	D BOOKS FUND			
RECEIPTS O Cash at Bank, 1st April, 1939 Amount received from the Worshipful Company ot Clothworkers Deposit Interest	£ s. d. 15 3 47 17 10 1 8 £48 14 9	By Amounts expended on goods supplied to Leeds Institution	10 8	s. d. 3 4 11 5	:

Note.—The Capital Stock of this Fund is held in trust by the Worshipful Company of Clothworkers, and the dividends received and paid over by them are for the supply of Braille Literature, etc., for the benefit of the Blind of Leeds and District.

THE HENRY STAINSBY MEMORIAL GIFT FUND FOR THE BLIND

RECEPTS To Cash at Bank, 1st April, 1939 Dividends on Investment Deposit Interest					63 5 1	PAYMENTS By Amounts expended in Gifts Cash at Bank, 31st March, 1940	• •	$ \begin{array}{ccccc} \ell & - & d \\ 68 & 5 & 9 \\ 58 & 18 & 1 \end{array} $ $ \frac{\ell}{27 - 1} = \frac{1}{1} $
---	--	--	--	--	--------	--	-----	--

J. H. BATTY, Member of Council.

A. J. W. KITCHIN, Honorary Sub-Treasurer.

We have examined the above account with the books and vouchers of the Fund, and certify the same to be in accordance therewith, and, in our opinion correct. JACKSON, PIXLEY & CO.,

Kent House, Telegraph Street, E.C.2. 16th July, 1940.

Chartered Accountants,

Note.—The Capital Stock of the Fund, £1,807 41s. 2d. 3\footnote{1} Conversion Loan Inscribed Stock, is held in trust by the National Institute for the Blind.

Owing to the need for economy in paper a number of subsidiary accounts published in previous years, the net result of which appear in the General Charity Fund Account, are this year omitted.

Details of these accounts will gladly be given on request.

THE MOON SOCIETY

Balance Sheet, 31st March, 1940

	Assets \(\frac{l}{l} \) s. Freehold Property At Cost \(less \) 3,830 8 Printing Machinery amounts written off 1,050 11 Furniture and Fittings 123 3 (at cost or as valued independently in 1935	10 6 6
.1dd: Balance from General Charity Fund Account	less Depreciation)	20,465 18 5
Sundry Creditors and Credit Balances . , 762 15 6	Stock as valued by Officials of the Society Sundry Debtors, less Reserve for Doubtful Debts	1.421 17 8 856 18 8 869 2 9
£28.118 4 4		(28.118 4 4

J. H. BATTY, Member of Council A. J. W. KITCHIN, Honorary Sub-Treasurer) National Institute for the Brind

We report that we have obtained all the information and explanations we have required, and in our opinion the above Balance Sheet at the 31st March, 1940, is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Society's affairs, according to the best of our information and the explanations given to us, and as shown by the books of the Society.

JACKSON, PIXLEY & CO.

KENT HOUSE, TELEGRAPH STREET, E.C.2. 16th July, 1940.

Chartered Accountants, Auditors.

THE MOON SOCIETY-continued

Publications Account for the Year ended 31st March, 1940

Expenditure To Stock at 1st April, 1939	f. s. d.			INCOME L s.	d, f	ς.	. d.
Production Salaries and Wages	1,4	33 4 33 4	7	By Sale of Books	1		
etc. Materials for Transcribing, Embossing,		51 1	1	Less Reductions allowed from Cost Price 2,792 10 1	1		
Printing, Stationery, Postage, Carriage	1,0	4T 0	10	of Books, etc 1,234 17			
and Packing Fuel, Light, Water and Power Rates, Insurance and Telephone Repairs and Maintenance of Premises	1	05 12 33 18 12 0	9	Miscellaneous Stock at 31st March, 1940 Gross Loss carried down	-1.557 -259 -1.421 -1.495) 13 17	8
and Machinery		13 - 11 11 - 15			.,		•*
Freehold Plant Furniture and Fittings	201 12 0 116 14 11 19 17 6						
Stock Reserve	2	38 1 64 5 92 4	3				
	£4,7	35 4	2		£4,785	4	2
To Gross Loss brought down Management Expenses and other Salaries		9 5 19		By Grant, Local Government Act, 1929 Net Loss carried to General Charity Fund	1,875	0	()
Travelling Expenses Audit Fee		9 -i 10 10		Account	581	8	10
	(2,4)	56 8	10		£2,456	8	10

General Charity Fund Account for the Year ended 31st March, 1940

EXPENDITURE		£	S.	d.	Income	1			1
To Net Loss transferred from Publications Account					Dr. Culmeriasian and 12	s. (l.		s.	
Gilts					By Subscriptions and Donations		3	19	6
Augmentation of Wages-Blind Staff					Dividends	9 1			
Annuity payable under the Will of the late	a Mico	114	11	-8	lucome Tax Recovered 164 1	0 0			
							735	9	1
Dunion Schope Contribute			- 0		Rents		212	13	a
Pension Scheme Contributions		86	- 7	8	Legacies			1.7	
					Miss Isabella Bruce 1.794 1	8 5			
Datance carried to Balance Sheet		174	10	9		o o			
	_						-1.797	8	5
	-	£2,779	10	0			£2,779	10	0

WORGESTER COLLEGE FOR THE BLIND, WORGESTER Balance Sheet at 31st March, 1940

Liabilitie	rs	Assets	6 8 4
1dd : Grants—	f s, d, f s, d, f s, d, 11,380 14 1	Freehold Property	, s. d.
National Institute for the Blind	3,535 12 9 22 19 0	Investments at cost	285 17 7 653 8 3
Deduct: Balance of Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31st		Sundry Debtors and Debit Balances, less Reserve for Doubtful Debts	211 3 10
March, 1940	2,567 8 3		
Less: Legacy—Mrs. Fanny Jolly	100 0 0		
ton Court National Insti	2,467 8 3		
Less: Grant—National Insti- tute for the Blind			
0 1 0 15 1 Co 15			
Sundry Creditors and Credit Balances National Institute for the Blind	948 17 9		
	£19,150 9 8	£19,	150 9 s

COBHAM, Chairman, Board of Governors. A. J. W. KITCHIN. Member, Board of Governors.

We report that we have obtained all the information and explanations we have required and, in our opinion, the Balance Sheet at the 31st March, 1910, is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the College's affairs, according to the best of our information and the explanations given to us, and as shown by the books of the College.

Kent House, Telegraph Street, E.C.2. 16th July, 1940.

JACKSON, PIXLEY & CO., Chartered Accountants, Auditors.

Income and Expenditure Account for the Year ended 31st March, 1940

Expenditure	Income	6 0 1
To Fees, Salaries of Teachers, Matrons, Servants, etc. Health and Unemployment Insurance, etc. Provisions Laundry Other Household Expenses and Sundries Rent, Rates, Taxes, Insurance and Telephone Fuel, Light, Cleaning and Water Printing, Stationery, Postage, Educational Books and	. 28 5 3 Grant, Board of Education	f s, d, 1,245 11 8 1,141 1 7 69 11 6 300 10 8 33 0 8 100 0 0 5,859 16 1
	. 202 3 4 Appropriation of Endowment and Special Incom . 112 3 11 (per contra)	ne . 1,050 17 10
Management Expenses Legal and Other Charges. Upkeep of Buildings and Grounds (including Repairs) Reserve for Bad and Doubtful Debts A.R.P. Expenditure Legacy—transferred to Balance Sheet	. 50 1 3) 221 9 9 	
Bursaries from Endowment and other Special Income (per contra)		£9,478 2 2

ENDOWMENTS

NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND

(See page 18),

		(26s biffe	18),
General Account	ξ s.	d.	Convalescent and Holiday Home, St.
The H. F. Bailey Bequest The Leopold Salomon's En-	9,881 7	ì	Leonards.
dowment Fund	9,600 0	0	The Mrs. Jessie Elizabeth £ s. d. Laing Bequest 1,000 0 0
The Sir Arthur Pearson Memorial Fund	0.505 0	1.1	
The Miss Constance de Jong	9,505 0	11	Chorleywood College. The William Brown Hextall
Bequest	7,973 13	1	Bequest 2,999 4 6
The William Brown Hextall Bequest	5,633 19	4	Bequest 2,999 4 6 The Nuffield Endowment . 2,000 0 0 The James Gilbertson Bequest 500 0 0
The John Rae Campbell En-			The Miss E. W. Allen Bequest
dowment Fund The Nuffield Endowment	$\begin{array}{ccc} 3,000 & 0 \\ 2,500 & 0 \end{array}$	()	(After Care) 3 000 0 0
The Mary Shaw Bequest	-1.483 - 1		Fees Endowment Fund 1,200 0 0
The Hornshaw Endowment The Sir Alfred Jones Bequest	$\begin{array}{cccc} 1,017 & 11 \\ 1,000 & 0 \end{array}$	0	£9,699 4 6
The Donald and Rosie Alder-		()	
son Bequest The Hextall Fund for Blind	1,000 0	0	SUNSHINE FUND FOR BLIND
Law Students	655 0	0	BABIES AND CHILDREN
The Blind Social Aid Society			The James Attfield Bequest $£200 + 0 = 0$
Fund	502 12	5	
Bequest	500 0	0	Blind Babies Home, East Grinstead. The "Dancing Times" En-
The Henry Eskell David Bequest	*00 o	Δ	dowment 2 000 0 0
The Sir John Howard Bequest	$\begin{array}{ccc} 500 & 0 \\ 200 & 0 \end{array}$	0	The Hornshaw Endowment 1,020 0 0 The Mrs. Lucy Block Bequest 561 3 11
The J. J. Crosfield Bequest	200 - 0	0	The Mrs. A. R. Edwards
The Mrs. Ralph Partridge Bequest	150 0	0	Bequest 477 10 0 The Miss A. D. Spiers
The J. W. Comben Bequest	100 15	0	Bequest 477 10 0
The Dr. Howell Rees Bequest The Henry Ireland Bequest		0	The Mrs. F. Marks Bequest 450 0 0
The Rev. F. J. Hackett	100 0	17	The T. G. Sorby Bequest 107 14 3 The Miss Vaughan Chapman
Bequest The Louis Sterne Bequest	100 0	0	Bequest 100 0 0
The Miss Mary Jesson	50 0	()	The "Sunday League" Endowment 47 17 0
The Miss Mary Jesson Bequest	20 - 0	0	
The Mrs. J. Rainsforth Bequest	11 6	1	£5,241 15 2
		_	
$oldsymbol{eta}_{ar{ar{ar{ar{ar{ar{ar{ar{ar{ar$	5,784 6	9	Blind Babies Home, Southport. The Ernest Hallowell Barlow
			Bequest
Guest House for Blind Wome	n, Leamin	gton.	The James Gilbertson Be-
The Harry Urmson Hayes	9 01.4 - 9 -1	n.	quest 500 0 0 The Mr. and Mrs. H. R.
The Miss A, V. Allpress			Graves Bequest 105 0 0
Endowment Fund	889 10	θ	$f_{1,357-11-5}$
.5	2,903 13 1	0	
_		=	TOGETHER £76,186 11 8
			OCIETY
The Miss A. E. C. Moon I	Endowment	t	£2,667 14 5
			
WORCESTER C	OLLEGE	FOR T	HE BLIND, WORGESTER
The Miss E. W. Allen Bed General Endowment Fun	quest		4,000 0 0
The Hextall Scholarship			3,000 0 0
The Nuffield Endowment			\dots
The Sir Arthur Pearson Marche Blair and Forster Me	morial Fun	ind d	\cdots
The Swimming Bath Fun	d		200 4 7
The Himing Prize Fund	• • • • • •		90 0 0
			£12,653 8 3
			~

LEGACIES, 1939/1940

GENERAL ACCOUNT

		,		,			£	S.	d.
		£		d.	1 U. M. Mary Parron		45		0
Abrahams, Mrs. Elizabeth		44	15	2			50	()	0
		100	()	()			923	6	3
		500	()	0				15	()
		78	15	3					0
		550	15	-2			394	8	
		45	()	0	, TOTTIN, TITCHER , THE		25	()	0
		773	()	0				19	3
		20.0	()	()			100	()	()
		10	-0	()	North, Mrs. Mary		335	0	()
		1.00	0	()	Palmer, Miss Ada Elizabeth		100	0	-0
		74141	- 0	Ű	1 1711 1 11		100	()	-0
		~	Ö	Ö				10	4
Campbell, Mrs. Ellen de Fonblan		70	0	0	and the second s		850	0	-0
Clark. John		500	0	0			9	16	4
Clutterbuckle, Miss Emily Caroli		300	0	0			26	16	()
		30			1 3 5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		100	()	0
			13				88	18	8
Currey, miner			0	0			150	0	()
			0	0			50	Ö	()
			()	0			100	0	0
1 ought from the control of the cont			5	3				17	()
Downes, Ernest Edward			()				85	2	ĭ
Dyer, The Rev. Arthur Charles .			-0	0					()
Edwardes, John Picton Arthur		629	14				12		
Ellerby, Miss Frances Mildred .		500	()	()	Difficult 11 to the contract of the contract o		500	0	()
Emmott, John William		500		0			2.5	16	6
		114	- 3	6			25	0	()
		90	0	0			252	ō	3
		52	10	()			40	õ	5
		000	10	5	Urquhart, Miss Mary		42	2	10
Fletcher, Miss Hilda Margaret			10	1			7	19	- 8
Glithero, Miss Sarah		200		0	177 . 15 1 .		-276	()	-0
Goward, Mrs. Kathleen Mary Au				9	and the second s		90	()	()
Guise, Miss Isabella Maria	~	W 1 0		0	and the state of t		25	()	()
Hare, Miss Evelyn Barbara		20					50	()	0
Harper, Mrs. Henrietta Rebecca		300			Wolf, The Rev. Robert Bibby de		100	()	0
Hefford, Miss Elizabeth Sarah		100					4	10	0
		100		0			88	7	7
	• • • •	a=			reomans, joint				
			14			-	21,921	1.0	9
		2.45		- ə 1	Less Allocated to other Societies			5	0
			- l	_	Less Allocated to other Societies		961	J	17
		310				-	01.540	1.1	9
						£	21,540	14	77
Lavington, Edwin Henry Marty	n.	. 317	12	6		-			_

LEGACIES, 1939/1940 -continued.

SUNSHINE HOME FOR BLIND BABIES AND CHILDREN	SUNSHINE FUND FOR BLIND BABIES AND CHILDREN
Buchanan, Mrs. M. M. . . 10 0 0 Gray, Mrs. Mary Alexandra Louise . 900 0 0 Jamieson, Mrs. Daisy . . 10 0 0 Motts, Miss Edith Jane . . . 200 0 0 Rowland, Mrs. Lucy .	East Grinstead. f s. d. Croall, Mrs. Agnes Allan 4 6 2 Hinchcliffe, Mrs. Emma 177 11 10 f 181 18 0
TOGETHER $\underbrace{\begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	LEAMINGTON. Kitchin, Mrs. Emma
In addition, the following Legacies were bequeathed to the Institute during the year, and were Specifically Appropriated as below:—	£300 0 0 SOUTHPORT.
GENERAL ACCOUNT GUEST HOUSE FOR BLIND WOMEN, LEAMINGTON. Hughes, Mrs. Elizabeth Jane £25 0 0	Andrews, Thomas Malcolm Brock, Miss Edith Matilda Wells, William 100 0 0 0 0 0 13 4 0 1213 4 0
Home for the Deaf-Blind, Harrogate. Woodcock, Mrs. Emily	COURT GRANGE SPECIAL SCHOOL FOR BLIND CHILDREN. Hainmond, Mrs. Jane Anne (50, 0, 0

GRANTS TO SOCIETIES FOR THE BLIND, 1939/1940

Girl Guides Association		 £25	0	0
East Sussex Association for the Blind		 53	4	0
Esperanta Ligilo		 10	-2	2
Todmorden Society for the Blind		 32	9	()
Southport Blind Social Committee		 140	15	3
Jewish Blind Society		 F20	0	()
Norwich Institution for the Blind		 250	0	0
St. Raphael's Home		 30	0	0
Association of Certificated Blind Masse	urs	 175	0	0
•				—
		± 836	10	5

UNIFIED COLLECTING AGREEMENTS

STATEMENT FOR YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 1940

NET AMOUNT AVAILABLE FO	R DIST	RIBUT	JOI.	N :-		
(a) From Areas worked by National Institu	te for th	e Blind		£ 34,500	s. 15	d. 7
(B) From Areas worked by Other Partic including Greater London Fund for the	apating Blind	Societ	1es,	16,513	10	0
				£51,014	5	7
DISTRIBUTED AS F	ollow	s :				
National Institute for the Blind				20,227	-3	-8
National Library for the Blind				4,946	14	10
Other Participating Societies (see below)	• • •			25,840	7	1
				£51,014	5	7

ANALYSIS OF AMOUNTS DISTRIBUTED TO OTHER PARTICIPATING SOCIETIES:-

ANALISIS OF AMOUNTS	DIS	, 1 1	1110	1 12	D	10	OTHER TARRICH MANAGEMENTS.	
			£	s.	d.		$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
Buckinghamshire Association for the Blind			659	16	3		Grimsby Society for the Blind 58 14	1
							Lindsey (Lines) Blind Society 382 4	9
CAMBRIDGESHIRE Cambridgeshire Society for the Blind			235	9	11		Lincoln Blind Society	
CHESHIRE—							Norwich Institution for the Blind 450 6	11
Chester and District Blind Welfare Society Macclesfield Society for the Blind Stockport Institute for the Blind, Deaf and Dur			171	19	8		NORTHUMBERLAND— Newcastle Agencies for the Blind	11
Wallasey Blind Welfare Committee	• •		50	0	0		NORTH WALES— North Wales Home Teaching Society for the Blind 86 9	1
CORNWALL— Cornwall County Association for the Blind			671	18	1		$\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{NOTFINGHAMSHIRE-} \\ \textbf{Royal Midland Institution for the Blind, Nottingham} \ & 228 & 7 \end{array}$	9
DEVON-							OXFORDSHIRE—	
Devon County Association for the Blind Home for the Blind, Torr South Devon and Cornwall Institution for			60	7	11		Oxford Society for the Blind 479 7	1
Plymouth			511	-l 5	18		PEMBROKESHIRE— Pembrokeshire Society for the Blind 87–17	6
DORGET							SOMERSET—	
DORSET Dorset County Association for the Blind			385	5	10		Bath Society for the Blind	4 11
DURHAM— Darlington Society for the Blind			277	ı	9		SUFFOLK— West Suffolk Voluntary Blind Committee 180 17	6
ESSEX— Essex County Association for the Blind			.136	q	વ		SURREY— Surrey Voluntary Association for the Blind 365–11	G
Servers of the Blind League			90	2	2		SUSSEX—	U
GLOUCESTERSHIRE—							West Sussex Association for the Blind 432 15	1
Bristol Royal Blind Asylum and Workshops Gloucester (City) Society for the Blind			173	•)	7		WILTSHIRE—	
Gloucester County Association for the Blind			1,121	12	9		Wiltshire Association for the Care of the Blind 909 16	i
HAMPSHIRE—							YORKSHIRE— Cleveland and South Durham Institution for the Blind 742 0	
Bournemouth Blind Aid Society		• •	246	9	11		Colne and Holme Valley Local Blind Persons Committee Doncaster and District Home Teaching Association for	
HEREFORDSHIRE— Herefordshire County Association for the Blind			366	-1	6		the Blind	
HERTFORDSHIRE—							Goole Local Blind Persons Committee	
Hertfordshire Society for the Blind.			279	7	2		Huddersheld and District Blind Society 200 11	7
ISLE OF MAN-							Leeds Incorporated Institution for the Blind 1701 6	3
Manx Blind Welfare Society			438	13	2		Rawmarsh Aged People's Treat Fund for the Blind 36 10 Rotherham Voluntary Committee for the Welfare of the	11
LANCASHIRE—							Blind 180 9	3
Ashton-under-Lyne, etc., Home Teaching S	ociety	for					Saddleworth Local Blind Persons Committee 50 15 Scarborough Society for the Blind 129 6	1.1
the Blind		• •	221	9	9		Selby Local Blind Persons Committee 99 13 Settle Local Blind Persons Committee 146 5	()
Homes for the Blind, Preston			610	11	0		I norne Local Blind Persons Committee 21 1	-7
Liverpool Workshops for the Blind. Homes for the Blind, Preston Oldhant Blind Persons Act Committee St. Helens and District Society for the Blind			251	17	-1		Wakeheld and District Institution for the Rlind 969 13	0
The contract of the contract o			0111	11	-		Yorkshire School for the Blind 318 9	6

Total, as above £25,810 7 1

Epilogue

A blind member of the Institute's Council, after reading this Report in draft, asks that these words from him should be added:—

"The Accounts in their present abbreviated form do not well bring out the magnitude of the Institute's work for the blind. I would like the public to realise that the N.I.B. maintained Homes and Schools last year at a cost of over £50,000; that it gave personal assistance in a great variety of ways to the value of over £20,000, and that under unification agreements and otherwise it distributed over £30,000 to other societies for the blind. Fully to appreciate the Institute's work you must be blind yourself. I want readers of the Report who have their sight to believe me when I say that the work of the National Institute robs blindness of half its sting, and to remember that in all its many ramifications it depends on voluntary contributions—in fact, on their help."

* * * * * *

We deeply regret to record the death in the last year of the under-named friends of the blind:—

William Henry Bennett, an Inspector of Blind Welfare, Ministry of Health, and formerly Superintendent of the Royal Midland Institution for the Blind.

Mrs. Louisa Campbell, Principal of the Royal Normal College for the Blind (1929-1934).

- *W. G. Cleverly, a member of the Music Sub-Committee of the National Institute for the Blind (1912–1922) and of the Braille Music Notation Committee.
- A. Dingwall Fordyce, M.D., M.B., F.R.C.P., Consulting Physician to the National Institute's Sunshine Home for Blind Babies at Southport.
- Alderman G. M. Green, of Peterborough, a member of the Executive Council of the National Institute for the Blind.
- Councillor J. L. P. Wharton Hewison, M.A., Chairman of the Southern Regional Association for the Blind and a member of the Executive Council of the National Institute for the Blind.

Miss Isabel Mary Heywood, O.B.E., founder of the Manchester and Salford Blind Aid Society.

*Philip Edward Layton, founder of the Canadian Federation of the Blind and of the Montreal Association for the Blind.

*Sir Charles Lindsay, of Montreal, a great benefactor to the blind of Canada.

Dr. J. Middleton Martin, Medical Officer of Health, Gloucestershire County Council, and a member of the Executive Council of the National Institute for the Blind and its Finance Committee (1931–1935).

Sir Michael O'Dwyer, G.C.I.E., K.C.S.I., former Lieut. Governor of the Punjab, a member of the Executive Council of the National Institute for the Blind (1922–1938) and its Vice-Chairman (1923–1930), Chairman of the Institute's Finance Committee (1925–1929), Chairman of the Institute's India Sub-Committee and a Vice-President of the Institute.

George Orchard, Chairman, Fellowship House, Home for the Deaf-Blind, Hoylake.

Councillor William Owen, J.P., ex-Mayor of Swansea, and a member of the Executive Council of the National Institute for the Blind.

Harvey Forshaw Plant, M.C., a member of the Executive Council of the National Institute for the Blind (1926–1932), and of the Greater London Fund Committee.

Charles Edward Rose, Hon. Superintendent of St. Dunstan's (1915–1917), and organiser for the National Institute of the rowing activities of the Sports Club for the Blind.

Miss Barbara E. Urmson, Hon. Secretary, Oxford Society for the Blind and (1924–1937) of Midland Counties Association for the Blind, and a member of the Executive Council of the National Institute for the Blind.



To the National Institute for the Blind, 224, 226 & 228 Great Portland Street, London, W.1.

(name in full)	of
hereby covenant with the NATIONAL INST	CITUTE FOR THE BLIND that for a period
	of19 or during my
life whichever period shall be shorter I will I	pay annually to the said Institute such a sum
	e in the hands of the Institute a net sum
of £(words)	such sum to be paid from my general
fund of taxed income so that I shall receive	no personal or private benefit in either of the
said periods from the said sum or any part	thereof.
In witness whereof I have hereunto see of19 .	et my hand and seal thisday
Signed sealed and delivered by the said	(Signature of Subscriber)
in the presence of	
Signature	Witness to
Address	
	of Subscriber.
Occupation	

4021-40

NOTICE TO ANNUAL SUBSCRIBERS

By filling in the seven-year covenant form on the back of this Notice a subscriber, at no extra personal cost, can increase the value of a subscription by the amount of Income Tax which has been paid on the subscription.

Tax on covenanted subscriptions is recoverable by the National Institute for the Blind in accordance with the following scale:—

Annual Subscription to be paid by subscriber		Income in f), by In Inlan	recov	erable from	of sui	Total value of subscription to N.I.B.			
£	S.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	S.	d.	
	10	6		7	9		18	3	
1	1	0		15	6	1	16	6	
2	2	0	1	11	0	3	13	0	
3	3	0	2	6	7	5	9	7	
4	4	0	3	2	1	7	6	1	
5	5	0	3	17	7	9	2	7	
10	10	0	7	15	2	18	5	2	
21	0	0	15	10	5	36	10	5	
50	0	0	36	19	1	86	19	1	

If a subscriber who covenants for seven years is assessable for Sur-Tax he is entitled to deduct the full amount of his subscription (including the amount of tax) in his Sur-Tax return, and thus save the payment of Sur-Tax on that sum.

The agreement is terminable by death.

To the Honorary Treasurers of the

ate.		

19

NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND

(Registered under the Blind Persons Act, 1920)

224, 226 & 228 GREAT PORTLAND STREET, LONDON, W.1

I have pleasure in as	sisting the	Institute i	n the	following	manner:-	_
				£	S.	d.
Annual S	ubscription	ı		:	:	
Annual St	bscription	increased b	y	:	:	
Donation		•••		:	:	
		Total	£	:	:	
Enclosed, please find			1	alue		
	(Name)			(Please state whe	ther Mr., Mrs., Miss	etc)
	(Address)			· · ·		

Cheques should be made payable to the "National Institute for the Blind," and crossed "Westminster Bank Ltd."

You can save yourself trouble in renewing your subscription in the future by filling in form 3 (see over). You can, at no expense to yourself, increase your subscription to the extent of the amount of income tax paid on it by filling in form 1.

Subscribers who have current bank accounts are invited to sign, detach and return to the NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND, 224, 226 & 228 Great Portland Street, W.1, this Bankers' Order for the payment of Annual Subscriptions. After a record has been made, it will be forwarded by the Institute to the Bankers named. In this way all future trouble in renewing the payment is avoided, and the Bankers will pay the amount direct without further order. This Order can be withdrawn at any time.

x 1/2

BANKERS' ORDER

Name of Bankers		Date.		19
Branch Address				
Pay to the Account of the	Lational Institu	te for the	Blind	at THE
WESTMINSTER BANK Ltd.	(Harley Street Branch, 154	Harley Street, V	V.1), my Sub	scription
of		now, and contin	ue to pay the	e amount
yearly on the 1st of	DUNT IN WORDS)			
approation.	Signature			7
Li-	Address		2d. Stamp	
(PLEASE INSERT AMOUNT IN FIGUR	ES			

NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND

Incorporated 1902. Registered under the Blind Persons Act, 1920.

FORM OF BEQUEST, No. 1

The following form of bequest is recommended to those who may be desirous of assisting the Institute by way of a specific legacy:—

I give to the NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND, of 224, 226 & 228 Great Portland Street, London, W.1, the sum of ______ pounds

(free of legacy duty) for the general purposes of the Institute, and I declare that the receipt of the Hon. Treasurer for the time being of such Institute shall be a good discharge to my Executors.

FORM OF BEQUEST, No. 2

The following form of bequest is recommended if it is desired to leave the residue of an estate to the Institute:—

I give the rest residue and remainder of my estate and effects whatsoever and where-soever both real and personal and whether in possession reversion remainder or expectancy to the NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND, of 224, 226 & 228 Great Portland Street, London, W.1, for the general purposes of the Institute, and I declare that the receipt of the Hon. Treasurer for the time being of such Institute shall be a good discharge to my Executors.

Note.—Property of all kinds, including land of any tenure and also including money lent on mortgage and the securities therefor, may lawfully be given to charitable institutions by Will. The above forms can be readily adapted to such gifts by the substitution of a description of the land, mortgage, etc., for the words "the sum of ……………………."

Legacies may be left to form an endowment to be named after the benefactor or a nominee of the benefactor. In this case there should be added after the words "the sum of "to form an endowment to be called 'The Bequest.'"

The form of bequest should be incorporated in the Will, which should be signed and witnessed as shown on the back of this form.

If desired, the Institute is willing to act as Trustee.

Witnesses should sign here

When a Will has been made, and it is afterwards desired to benefit the National Institute, it will be sufficient if the form below is filled in, duly signed and witnessed as below, and carefully attached to the existing Will.

to the constant	
This is a	Codicil to the last Will of me
	dated
(Name in full)	(Date of Will)
	STITUTE FOR THE BLIND, of 224,
226 & 228 Great Portland Street	, London, W.1, for the general purposes
of the Institute, the sum of	
	(£)
	eceipt of the Hon. Treasurer for the time
being of such Institute shall be a good d	
In resituess reservent I have here	unto set my hand this day
, and the second	(words)
of	
Signed by the $\frac{Testator}{Testatrix}$ as and for a Codicil to	
his her last Will dated (Insert date of Will)	
in the presence of us, both present at the same	
	(Signature of Testator or Testatrix)
time, who at his request, and in his presence,	
and in the presence of each other, have hereunto	
set our names as witnesses.	
/1)	
(1)	of
	(Profession)
(2)	of
·	(Profession)

PERSONAL MESSAGE FROM CAPTAIN SIR BEACHCROFT TOWSE, V.C.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND 224-8 Gt. Portland Street, W.1 We have adopted as our War-time motto:

"The National Institute for the Blind is continuing its work whatever happens."

I know you will again help us. The blind need what we do more than ever and, moreover, we are working with the Local Societies for the Blind throughout the country to care for any people, men, women or children, who may be blinded in air raids.

Goo. Fo Tower.

